Emergency Response Plan - Priority Action Steps

PREVENTION

Risk Assessment

· Define High Risk Aspects

Legal Issues

- Due Diligence
- Transportation Requirements
- Reporting Requirements

Awareness Training

- Standard Operating Procedures
- BC Fuel Guidelines

PREPAREDNESS

Spill Response Plan & Safety Plan

Action Priorities/ Notification List/ Response

Spill Equipment

- Sorbents
- Booms (Containment vs. Sorbents)
- · Patching and Plugging
- · Spag Sorb & Oil Gator

Spill Response Training

- Containment Techniques
- Review Spill Kits
- Review ERP

Chemical Characteristics of Class 3 Products

- MSDS Review
- 3-Day Rule-of-Thumb
- Soap & deleterious substances
- Flash point

RESPONSE

Initial Assessment

- Spill Assessments
- Environmental Assessment
- Safety Assessment

Initial Response

- Containment
- Site Security
- Decontamination
- Media & Government Agencies

Land-based Spills

- Small Spills (<100L)
 - Optional Response
- Large Spills (>100L)
 - Recovery Pits & Trenching
 - Excavation

Water-based Spills

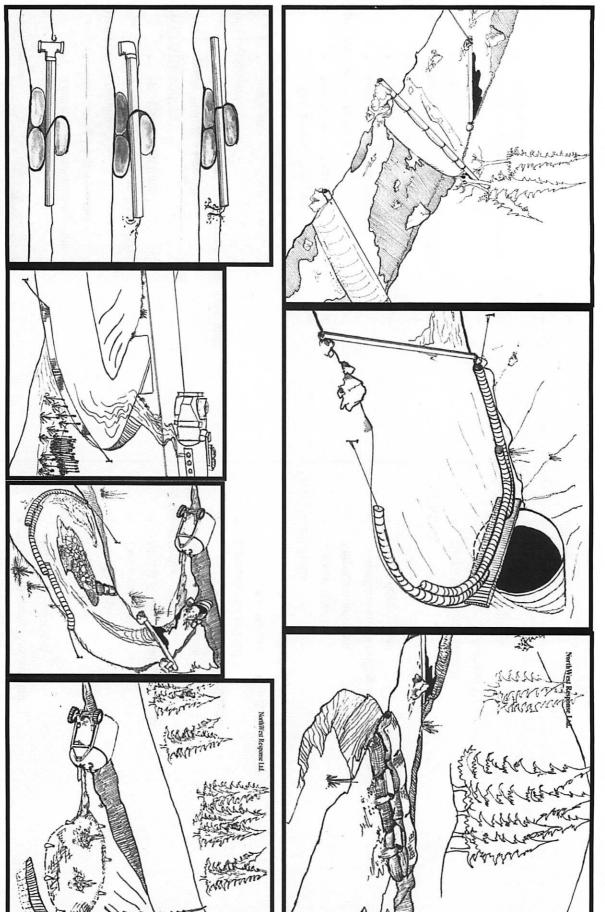
- Culvert Blocks
- Tarp Containment
- · Underflow and Sandbag Diversion
- Boom deployment

CLOSURE

- · Soil Treatment Options
- Groundwater Treatment Options
- Disposal Options



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Emergency Response Plan - Assessments

SAFETY ASSESSMENT

- · Attend to injured persons (First Aid).
- Is it safe to work in or around the spill?
- · What protective equipment is required?
- · Have all the hazards been identified and confirmed?
- Is flammability of the spilled product a concern?
- Monitor vapor levels.
- Prioritize the Safety Action Plan.
- · Work with the buddy system never alone.

SPILL ASSESSMENT

- · Identify the tank volume.
- Identify the product spilled & the cause of the spill.
- Note duration of spill from source.
- Identify the characteristics of the product(s).
- Assess any potential physical/chemical/other hazards.
- · Can the spill be stopped or contained?
- Can the spill be contained at the source?
- Can the spill be contained or diverted downstream?
- What equipment will be needed for containment, recovery, clean up and restoration?
- Note the ambient environmental conditions, how will it affect the spilled product.
- Assess the receiving environment.

ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT

Land

- Identify & mark the extent (perimeter) of the spill area.
- Note soil type, slope and any specific characteristics.
- Dig test pits to determine the depth of the spill.
- Determine options for recovery or disposal.

Streams, Creeks & Ditches

- · Determine downstream destination of spilled product.
- Identify down stream back eddies, pools or culverts that may be used to divert or contain the spill.
- · Note the depth and the velocity of the water.
- · Identify the soil and vegetation along stream.
- Identify areas where fish may spawn, bird habitats, and other areas used by wildlife.

Lakes, Ponds & Lake Foreshore

- Visually inspect the foreshore to identify the extent of contamination.
- Note where the product is pooling along shore.
- Note any marsh areas that must be protected with exclusion and/or diversion booms.
- Identify the main slick, rate of spreading and potential downstream areas that may be impacted.
- Determine options for containment and recovery.



Emergency Response Plan - Priority Action Steps

Priority Response Action Use Common Sense! 1. Act Fast And Use appropriate safety procedures and personal protective equipment prior to initiating response plan. Think Safety Prior to taking any action, made a complete assessment of the incident to ensure that the limited resources are used effectively. An intense & quick response is essential to minimize the potential impact on the environment. Immediately report all spills of 100 litres or more of petroleum products (Class 3 Flammable Liquids and Waste Oil) to PEP. 2. Notification Immediately report all spills of deleterious substances to a water course to PEP. Complete a spill report form, including: Who, What, Where, Why, When and How. (Provincial Emergency PEP 800-663-3456 Program) Ministry of Environment (MoE) Regional Office Spill to Land 3. Containment Mark the perimeter of the spill. Dig recovery ditches around the perimeter and recovery pits (sumps) within the spill area. Continually monitor the ditches and recovery pits to ensure the collection system is effective. and Recovery Use absorbent pads, fire or other means to remove free product and excavate the contaminated soil. Determine the extent of spill. Pump the product from the containment area or obtain approval from Ministry of Environment for alternate disposal options. Spill to Water In a ditch or stream contain the spill using tarp containment system, underflow system or containment booms. To effectively contain the spill, use several containment methods in series. Divert and corral the spilled product to the containment system using absorbent booms and/or synthetic booms. Continue to sweep and corral the spilled product to one corner. Add a second containment boom if required. Use absorbent pads and/or pumps to collect the spill products from the containment area. Use sweeps and absorbent pads to recover the product. Use a wringer to extract the excess product then reuse the absorbent pads. Use a skimmer or suction pump (i.e. pump/vacuum truck) if the volume is significant and the spill is contained. Develop a monitoring program to assess and remove free product over a given time frame. Confirm disposal options and approval with Ministry of Environment. 4. Disposal & Take photos and notes to document the spill incident, response and clean up. Site Restoration Ensure confirmatory samples are taken and the results are properly documented and kept on file.

